

 $46^{\rm th}$  Annual Iranian Mathematics Conference

25-28 August 2015

Yazd University



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## Some properties of multi-Fedosove supermanifolds of order 3

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## Abstract

In this paper we define multi-Fedosove supermanifolds and show that every multisymplectic supermanifold of order 3 is a multi-Fedosove supermanifolds. Then we study the curvature tensor of a multi-Fedosove supermanifolds.

 ${\bf Keywords:}\,$  Multisymplectic supermanifold, multi-Fedosove supermanifolds, curvature tensor

Mathematics Subject Classification [2010]: 58A50, 53D05

## 1 multi-Fedosove supermanifolds

A supermanifold  $\mathcal{M}$  of dimension n|m is a pair  $(\mathcal{M}, \mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{M}})$ , where  $\mathcal{M}$  is a Hausdorff topological space and  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{M}}$  is a sheaf of commutative superalgebras with unity over  $\mathbb{R}$  locally isomorphic to  $\mathbb{R}^{m|n} = (\mathbb{R}^n, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}^n} \otimes \Lambda_{\eta^1, \dots, \eta^m})$ , where  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}^n}$  is the sheaf of smooth functions on  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and  $\Lambda_{\eta^1, \dots, \eta^m}$  is the grassmann superalgebra of m generators.

**Definition 1.1.** Let  $\xi$  be a locally free sheaf of  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{M}}$ -supermodules on  $\mathcal{M}$ , a connection on  $\xi$  is a morphism  $\nabla : \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{M}} \otimes_{\mathbb{R}} \xi \to \xi$  of sheaves of supermodules over  $\mathbb{R}$  such that  $\nabla_{fX} v = f \nabla_X v, \nabla_X f v = (Xf) + (-1)^{\widetilde{X}\widetilde{f}} f \nabla_X v$  and  $\widetilde{\nabla_X v} = \widetilde{v} + \widetilde{X}$ , for all homogeneous function f, vector fields X and section v of  $\xi$ .

Let us consider a multisymplectic supermanifold of degree k ( $\mathcal{M}, \omega$ ), i.e. a supermanifold  $\mathcal{M}$  with a closed non-degenerate graded differential k-form  $\omega$ .

**Definition 1.2.** A multisymplectic connection on  $\mathcal{M}$  is a connection for which: i- The torsion tensor vanishes, i.e.

$$\nabla_X Y - (-1)^{\widetilde{X}\widetilde{Y}} \nabla_Y X = [X, Y].$$

ii- It is compatible to the multisymplectic form, i.e.  $\nabla \omega = 0$ .

A multi-Fedosov supermanifold  $(\mathcal{M}, \omega, \nabla)$  is defined as a multisymplectic supermanifold  $(\mathcal{M}, \omega)$  equipped with a multisymplectic connection  $\nabla$ .

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