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Roman entire domination in graphs

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Abstract

A Roman entire dominating function on a graph G = (V, E) is a function $h : Z = V \cup E \rightarrow \{0, 1, 2\}$ satisfying the condition that each element $x \in Z$ for which h(x) = 0 is either adjacent to or incident with at least one element $y \in Z$ with h(y) = 2. The weight of a Roman entire dominating function is the value $w(h) = \sum_{x \in Z} h(x)$. The

Roman entire domination number of a graph G, denoted by $\gamma_{ren}(G)$, is the minimum weight of a Roman entire dominating function on G. In this paper, we obtain several bounds for $\gamma_{ren}(G)$. We also investigate the behavior of $\gamma_{ren}(G)$ when a vertex or an edge is deleted.

Keywords: Dominating set, Entire dominating set, Roman dominating function, Roman entire dominating function.

Mathematics Subject Classification [2010]: 05C69.

1 Introduction

Cockayne et al. [3] introduced the concept of Roman dominating function (RDF) (See also [2, 4, 6]). A Roman dominating function on a graph G = (V, E) is a function $f: V \to \{0, 1, 2\}$ satisfying the condition that every vertex u for which f(u) = 0 is adjacent to at least one vertex v such that f(v) = 2. The weight of a Roman dominating function is the value $w(f) = \sum_{u \in V} f(u)$. The Roman domination number of a graph G, denoted by $\gamma_r(G)$, is the minimum weight of a Roman dominating function on C

is the minimum weight of a Roman dominating function on G.

A Roman edge dominating function (REDF) on a graph G = (V, E) is a function $g: E \to \{0, 1, 2\}$ satisfying the condition that every edge e_1 for which $g(e_1) = 0$ is adjacent to at least one edge e_2 such that $g(e_2) = 2$. The weight of a Roman edge dominating function is the value $w(g) = \sum_{e \in E} g(e)$. The Roman edge domination number of a graph G, denoted by

 $\gamma_{re}(G)$, is the minimum weight of a Roman edge dominating function on G. This concept was studied by Soner et al. in [7].

In this paper, we introduce the concept of Roman entire dominating function and initiate a study of the Roman entire domination number.

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