



Existence of entire positive solutions for a critical system of nonlinear elliptic equations

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ABSTRACT

In this paper, using the fibering method introduced by Pohozaev, we establish an existence of multiple nontrivial positive solutions for a system of nonlinear elliptic equations in $\mathbb{R}^N$ with lack of compactness studying the properties of Palais–Smale sequence of the energy functional associated with the system.

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1. Introduction

In this paper, we show the existence of nonnegative weak solutions of the following system of nonlinear elliptic equations

$$\begin{cases} -\Delta_p u = u^\alpha v^{\beta+1} & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^N, \\ -\Delta_q v = u^{\alpha+1} v^\beta & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^N, \\ u, v \geq 0, \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

under the following critical condition:

$$\frac{\alpha+1}{p^*} + \frac{\beta+1}{q^*} = 1.$$

Here, $N \geq 3$, $1 < p, q < N$, $\alpha, \beta > -1$ and $p^* := \frac{pN}{N-p}$, $q^* := \frac{qN}{N-q}$ designate respectively the effective critical exponents relating to the Sobolev embedding $W^{1,p}(\mathbb{R}^N) \subset L^r(\mathbb{R}^N)$ and $W^{1,q}(\mathbb{R}^N) \subset L^r(\mathbb{R}^N)$. Let us mention that in the case where $p = q$ and $\alpha + \beta + 2 = p^*$, the scalar case ($u = v$) of (1) leads to the standard problem

$$-\Delta_p u = u^{p^*-1} \quad \text{in } \mathbb{R}^N,$$

with well-known papers and abundant literature (one cite for example of classical references [1–5]). On the other hand, the study on existence results of entire solutions for a system like (1) is not new. Such investigations have been done in [6] for more general nonlinear gradient functionals. In that paper, existence and nonexistence results have been obtained assuming

$$\frac{\alpha+1}{p^*} + \frac{\beta+1}{q^*} < 1 < \frac{\alpha+1}{p} + \frac{\beta+1}{q}.$$

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