



On the uniqueness of weak solutions for the 3D viscous magneto-hydrodynamic equations

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ARTICLE INFO

Article history:

Received 26 February 2011

Accepted 28 April 2011

Communicated by Enzo Mitidieri

MSC:

76W05

35B65

Keywords:

MHD equations

Weak solution

Uniqueness

Fourier localization

Bony's paraproduct decomposition

ABSTRACT

A uniqueness result of weak solutions for the 3D viscous magneto-hydrodynamic equations is proved by means of the Fourier localization technique and Bony's paraproduct decomposition.

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1. Introduction

In this paper, we consider the 3D incompressible magneto-hydrodynamic (MHD) equations

$$(MHD) \quad \begin{cases} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \nu \Delta u + u \cdot \nabla u = -\nabla p - \frac{1}{2} \nabla b^2 + b \cdot \nabla b, \\ \frac{\partial b}{\partial t} - \eta \Delta b + u \cdot \nabla b = b \cdot \nabla u, \\ \nabla \cdot u = \nabla \cdot b = 0, \\ u(0, x) = u_0(x), \quad b(0, x) = b_0(x). \end{cases} \quad (1.1)$$

Here u, b describe the flow velocity vector and the magnetic field vector respectively, p is a scalar pressure, $\nu > 0$ is the kinematic viscosity, $\eta > 0$ is the magnetic diffusivity, while u_0 and b_0 are the given initial velocity and initial magnetic field with $\nabla \cdot u_0 = \nabla \cdot b_0 = 0$. If $\nu = \eta = 0$, (1.1) is called the ideal MHD equations.

As same as the 3D Navier–Stokes equations, the regularity and uniqueness of weak solutions for the 3D MHD equations remains open [1]. For the 3D Navier–Stokes equations, the Serrin-type criterion states that the Leray–Hopf weak solutions are unique and regular provided the following conditions hold:

$$L^q(0, T; L^r) \quad \text{with} \quad \frac{2}{q} + \frac{3}{r} = 1, \quad 3 \leq r \leq \infty, \quad [2-5]$$

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