



Weak and strong convergence theorems for nonspreading-type mappings in Hilbert spaces

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ABSTRACT

Weak and strong convergence theorems are proved in real Hilbert spaces for a new class of nonspreading-type mappings more general than the class studied recently in Kurokawa and Takahashi [Y. Kurokawa, W. Takahashi, Weak and strong convergence theorems for nonspreading mappings in Hilbert spaces, *Nonlinear Anal.* 73 (2010) 1562–1568]. We explored an auxiliary mapping in our theorems and proofs and this also yielded a strong convergence theorem of Halpern's type for our class of mappings and hence resolved in the affirmative an open problem posed by Kurokawa and Takahashi in their final remark for the case where the mapping T is averaged.

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1. Introduction

Let H be a real Hilbert space. A mapping $T : D(T) \subseteq H \rightarrow H$ is said to be L -Lipschitzian if there exists $L > 0$ such that

$$\|Tx - Ty\| \leq L\|x - y\|, \quad \forall x, y \in D(T). \quad (1.1)$$

If $L < 1$ in (1.1), T is said to be *strictly contractive*, while T is said to be *nonexpansive* if $L = 1$. T is said to be *quasi-nonexpansive* if $F(T) = \{x \in D(T) : Tx = x\} \neq \emptyset$ and $\|Tx - p\| \leq \|x - p\|$ for all x in $D(T)$ and for all p in $F(T)$. Furthermore, T is said to be *firmly nonexpansive* if

$$\|Tx - Ty\|^2 \leq \langle x - y, Tx - Ty \rangle, \quad \forall x, y \in D(T).$$

Every nonexpansive mapping with a nonempty fixed point set $F(T)$ is quasi-nonexpansive, and firmly nonexpansive mappings are important examples of nonexpansive mappings.

Recently, Kohsaka and Takahashi [1,2] introduced an important class of mappings which they called the class of *nonspreading mappings*. Let E be a real smooth, strictly convex and reflexive Banach space, and let j denote the duality mapping of E . Let C be a nonempty closed convex subset of E . They called a mapping $T : C \rightarrow C$ nonspreading if

$$\phi(Tx, Ty) + \phi(Ty, Tx) \leq \phi(Tx, y) + \phi(Ty, x) \quad (1.2)$$

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