

Parabolic equations with double variable nonlinearities

S. Antontsev^{a,1}, S. Shmarev^{b,*,2}

^a CMAF, University of Lisbon, Portugal

^b Department of Mathematics, University of Oviedo, Spain

Received 15 November 2009; received in revised form 26 May 2010; accepted 7 December 2010

Available online 21 December 2010

Abstract

The paper is devoted to the study of the homogeneous Dirichlet problem for the doubly nonlinear parabolic equation with nonstandard growth conditions:

$$u_t = \operatorname{div} \left(a(x, t, u) |u|^{\alpha(x, t)} |\nabla u|^{p(x, t)-2} \nabla u \right) + f(x, t)$$

with given variable exponents $\alpha(x, t)$ and $p(x, t)$. We establish conditions on the data which guarantee the existence of bounded weak solutions in suitable Sobolev–Orlicz spaces.

© 2011 IMACS. Published by Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

MSC: 35K57; 35K65; 35B40

Keywords: Parabolic equation; Double nonlinearity; Variable nonlinearity; Nonstandard growth conditions

1. Introduction

We study the Dirichlet problem for the doubly nonlinear parabolic equation

$$\begin{cases} u_t = \operatorname{div} \left(a(z, u) |u|^{\alpha(z)} |\nabla u|^{p(z)-2} \nabla u \right) + f(z) & z = (x, t) \in Q = \Omega \times (0, T], \\ u(x, 0) = u_0(x) & \text{in } \Omega, \quad u = 0 & \text{on } \Gamma = \partial\Omega \times [0, T]. \end{cases} \quad (1.1)$$

Eq. (1.1) is formally parabolic, but it may degenerate or become singular at the points where $u = 0$ or $|\nabla u| = 0$. Introducing the functions

$$\gamma(z) = \frac{\alpha(z)}{p(z) - 1}, \quad v(z) = \int_0^u |s|^{\gamma(z)} ds = \frac{u|u|^{\gamma(z)}}{\gamma(z) + 1}, \quad u(z) = \Phi_0(z, v) = \frac{|v|^{\frac{-\gamma}{1+\gamma}} v}{(1 + \gamma)^{\frac{1}{1+\gamma}}}, \quad (1.2)$$

* Corresponding author.

E-mail address: shmarev@orion.ciencias.uniovi.es (S. Shmarev).

¹ The author was partially supported by FCT, Financiamento Base 2008-ISFL-1-209, Portugal, and by the research project MTM2008-06208 of the Ministerio de Ciencia e Innovacion, Spain.

² The author acknowledges the support of the research project MTM2007-65088, Spain.