ASTROBIOLOGY

## The Role of Carbohydrates at the Origin of Homochirality in Biosystems

Søren Toxvaerd

Received: 10 January 2012 / Accepted: 12 July 2013 © Springer Science+Business Media Dordrecht 2013

Abstract Pasteur has demonstrated that the chiral components in a racemic mixture can separate in homochiral crystals. But with a strong chiral discrimination the chiral components in a concentrated mixture can also phase separate into homochiral fluid domains, and the isomerization kinetics can then perform a symmetry breaking into one thermodynamical stable homochiral system. Glyceraldehyde has a sufficient chiral discrimination to perform such a symmetry breaking. The requirement of a high concentration of the chiral reactant(s) in an aqueous solution in order to perform and maintain homochirality; the appearance of phosphorylation of almost all carbohydrates in the central machinery of life; the basic ideas that the biochemistry and the glycolysis and gluconeogenesis contain the trace of the biochemical evolution, all point in the direction of that homochirality was obtained just afteror at a phosphorylation of the very first products of the formose reaction, at high concentrations of the reactants in phosphate rich compartments in submarine hydrothermal vents. A racemic solution of D,L-glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate could be the template for obtaining homochiral D-glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate(aq) as well as L-amino acids.

Keywords Homochirality · Origin of life

## Origin of Life and the Environment at Earth 4 Billion Year Ago

All carbohydrates and derivatives of carbohydrates in biosystems are Dconfigurations and all amino acids and derivatives of are L-configurations. This

S. Toxvaerd (⊠)

DNRF centre "Glass and Time", IMFUFA, Department of Sciences, Roskilde University, Postbox 260, 4000 Roskilde, Denmark e-mail: st@ruc.dk

Paper presented at the 12th European Workshop on Astrobiology "EANA'12" in Stockholm, Sweden (October 15 to 17, 2012). Editors Axel Brandenburg and Nils Holm