• Journal Homepage: http://journals.sbmu.ac.ir/jrrh

Identity processing styles and cell phone addiction: The mediating role of religious coping

Ghasem Askarizadeh¹, Maryam Poormirzaei^{1*}, Reyhane Hajmohammadi²

- 1- Department of psychology, School of literature and human science, Shahid Bahonar University, Kerman, Iran.
- 2- Department of psychology, School of psychology and education science, Zahedan University, Zahedan, Iran.
- *Correspondence should be addressed to Mrs. Maryam Poormirzaei; Email: maryampoormirzaei@ens.uk.ac.ir

Article Info

Received: Jul 1, 2016 Received in revised form: Sep 4, 2016

Accepted: Sep 13, 2016

Available Online: Dec 31, 2016

Keywords:

Cell phone addiction Identity processing styles Religious coping

Abstract

Background and Objectives: The aim of this study was to investigate the mediating role of religious coping in the relationship between identity processing styles and cell phone addiction.

Materials & Methods: This descriptive and correlational study encompassed all students in Zahedan University in 2016 as its research population. From this population, 384 were selected using simple random sampling by Krejcie Morgan Table. Questionnaires of Identity processing styles, religious coping and addiction to cell phones were used for data collection. For data analysis, SPSS 19 was used for descriptive statistics and Pearson correlation coefficient and LISREL 8.50 software was used for structural equation modeling (path analysis). In this study, all relevant ethical issues were considered.

Results: Results showed that there is a positive significant correlation between cell phone addiction with diffuse-avoidant style ($p \le 0/01$) and negative religious coping ($p \le 0/05$). The relationship between negative religious coping with informational and normative styles is negative and with diffuse-avoidant style is positively meaningful ($p \le 0/01$). Path analysis supported the mediating role of negative religious coping in the relationship between normative and diffuse-avoidant identity processing styles with cell phone addiction.

Conclusion: The results of this study indicated that negative religious coping has restricted mediating role in the relationship between identity processing styles and cellphone addiction.

Please cite this article as: Askarizadeh Gh, Poormirzaei M, Hajmohammadi R. Identity processing styles and cell phone addiction: The mediating role of religious coping. J Res Relig Health. 2017;3(1):18-29.

Summary

Background and Objectives: Cell phone is one of the greatest inventions in the world today (1). Its widespread use has led to many social and personal problems one of which is cell phone addiction (2). Addicts, compared with ordinary people, feel depressed, isolated and lost without a cell phone and sometimes even their lives are disrupted because of frequent calls, text messages, web surfing and online chat (1).

One of the factors that affect the way cell phone is used is the user's identity. Identity is a framework based on which people interpret the meaning of their experiences and identify their life direction (4).

Berzonsky has identified three identity processing styles of informational identity, normative and diffuse-avoidant, to explain the cognitive and social infrastructure assuming that each of them has different information processing styles for decision-making and problem solving (5).

Anyone with informational identity processing style, actively searches for, processes and evaluates relevant information. Normative style is related to following normative standards and guidelines that are determined by important referents like parents. Diffuse-avoidant style encompasses people who are not committed, avoid encountering problems, and procrastinate decision making to a time when situational occurrences happen (6).

Spirituality and religion are also among factors that provide mental health and have a negative relationship

• I dentity processing styles and cell phone ...

with addiction. These two factors are the proper directions to reach the final destination in life. For example, those who have more consolidated religious framework, make better use of religious coping strategies in stressful situations (7). This means that they establish a better connection with God, seek greater moral support, forgive better and have better spiritual re-evaluations. As such, they compromise better to negative life circumstances. In contrast, those who use negative religious coping strategies are more spiritually discontent, believe in God's punishment and have demonic evaluation of events. Therefore, emotional and psychological symptoms of stress such as depression emerge in them. In addition, they have lower life quality (8).

There are different studies conducted separately on each of this study's variables; although the relationship between these variables with other types of addiction, such as drug addiction or internet addiction has been investigated, surveying their relationship with a cell phone addiction is ignored. Therefore, this study poses the query of direct and indirect effects of these variables on each other and their relationship with cell phone addiction.

Materials and Methods: The research method was descriptive and correlational and the study population consisted of all students (total number of 21217) in Zahedan University in 2015, 384 of which were randomly selected using the Krejcie Morgan (1970) Table. For data analysis, SPSS 19 was used for descriptive statistics and Pearson correlation coefficient and LISREL 8.50 software was used for structural equation modeling (path analysis).

Questionnaires of identity processing styles of White, Vampler and Winn)(1998) (ISI-6G), addiction to cell phones questionnaire of Savari (2013) , and religious coping questionnaire of Pargament (2000) (R-Cope) were used for data collection.

The total number of 384 participants took part in this study .64 percent (248) were female and 35 percent (136) were male with the age range between 18 to 36 years. In order to examine the mediating role of positive and negative religious coping in the relationship between identity processing styles and cell phone addiction, path analysis method was used.

Results: The results showed that the model is not meaningful for positive religious coping, whereas it was significant for negative religious coping. Therefore, the first model was discarded from the analysis. Among all the path coefficients of this model, only path coefficient of normative identity processing styles (β = -.18) and diffused-avoidant style (β = .20) to negative religious coping and negative religious coping to addiction (β = .24) was significant ($p \le .05$) and the other factors was not significant. The greatest variance determined is related to negative religious coping effect on addiction ($r^2 = .057$). Coefficients of indirect paths in the model are also calculated and Sobel test was conducted calculate to and determine meaningfulness.

Results showed that there is an indirect effect of

normative identity processing style on cell phone addiction (β = -.04) and also indirect effect of diffuse-avoidant style on cell phone addiction (β = .05) (p<0/01). Therefore, negative religious coping style plays a mediating role in the relationship between these variables. Finally, it should be noted that the fit indices were indicative of complete fitness model.

Conclusion: The important finding of this study is the mediating role of negative religious coping style in the relationship between identity processing styles and cell phone addiction supporting the mediating role of this variable between normative and diffuse-avoidant identity styles with cell phone addiction.

Explanation of this finding is that people's identity style is associated with their reaction to events, so that people with diffuse-avoidant style usually avoid facing the problems and use negative and incompatible coping styles and will consequently face problems in their relations with other people for which they do not have necessary skills to solve (9). Therefore they detach from others and entertain themselves with cell phone. Berzonsky (1992) maintains that there is a relationship between normative and avoidant styles which can be a result of following other important people's style that have negative and incompatible avoidant coping style (10). As mentioned earlier, there is a meaningful relationship between negative religious coping style with different types of addiction. Therefore, they may become addicted to cell phone due to the type of coping they imply in life.

Refrences

- 1. Takao M, Takahashi S, Kitamura M. Addictive personality and problematic mobile phone use. CyberPsychology & Behavior. 2009;12(5):501-7.
- 2. Salehan M, Negahban A. Social networking on smartphones: When mobile phones become addictive. Computers in Human Behavior. 2013;29:2632-9.(Full Text in Persian)
- 3. Fathi M, Sohrabi F, Saidian M. Comparison of the characteristics and identity style of Internet addicts and non-addicts students. Journal of Behavioral Sciences. 2013;11(2):90-9. (Full Text in Persian)
- 4. Berzonsky MD. Identity style and well-being: Does commitment matter? Identity: An International Journal of Theory and Research. 2003;3(2):131-42.
- 5. Berzonsky MD, Cieciuch J. Mediational role of identity commitment in relationships between identity processing style and psychological well-being. Journal of Happiness Studies. 2016;17(1):145-62.
- 6. Berzonsky MD. Identity style conceptualization and measurement. Journal of adolescent research. 1989;4(3):268-82.
- 7. Hill PC, Pargament KI. Advances in the conceptualization and measurement of religion and spirituality: Implications for physical and mental health

• I dentity processing styles and cell phone ...

Askarizadeh, et al. / J Res Relig Health 2016; 3(1):18-29

research. 2008.

- 8. Pargament KI, Koenig HG, Perez LM. The many methods of religious coping: Development and initial validation of the RCOPE. Journal of clinical psychology. 2000;56(4):519-43.
- 9. Vojoudi B, Hashemi T, Abdolpour Gh. MashinchiAbbasi N. Predicting suicide ideation based
- on identity styles and coping strategies. Contemporary Psychology. 2015;10(1):47-56.(Full Text in Persian)
- 10. Berzonsky MD. Identity style and coping strategies. Journal of personality. 1992;60(4):771-88.

أساليب تصنيع الهويّة والإدمان على الهاتف الخليويّ: دور واسطة المواجهة المذهبيّة

قاسم عسكريزاده' ، مريم بورميرزايي ً' ، ريحانة حاجمحمدي ً

١ - قسم علم النفس، كلّية الآداب والعلوم الإنسانيّة، جامعةالشهيد باهنر، كرمان، إيران.

٢ - قسم علم النفس، كلّية العلوم التربويّة وعلم النفس، جامعةزاهدان، زاهدان، إيران.

المراسلات موجهة إلى السيدة مريم بورميرزايي؛ البريد الإلكترونيّ: maryampoormirzaei@ens.uk.ac.ir

الملخّص

السابقة و الأهداف: هدف هذا البحث هو دراسة دور واسطة المواجهة المذهبيّة في العلاقة بين أساليب تصنيع الهويّة والإدمان على الهاتف الخليويّ.

المواد و الأساليب: طريقة البحث وصفية تضامنية. لقد احري البحث على جميع طلاب جامعة زاهدان في عام ٢٠١٥م. تمّ احتيار ٣٨٩ شخصاً بطريقة عشوائية بسيطة و باستخدام حدول كريجسي و مورغان. وتمّ جمع المعطيات باستخدام استمارات أساليب تصنيع الهويّة، والمواجهة المذهبيّة والإدمان على الهاتف الخليويّ. ولتحليل المعطيات قد تم الاستعانه بالبرنامجين SPSS (الإصدار ٢٩) و على الماتف الإصدار ٢٥/٥)، وفقاً لمؤشّرات الإحصاء الوصفيّ، ومعامل ارتباط بيرسون وايجاد نمط للمعادلات الهيكليّة (تحليل المسار). هذا البحث مشتمل على جميع الجوانب الأخلاقيّة المرتبطة.

المكشوفات: تشير نتائج اختبار التضامن أنّ للإدمان على الهاتف الخليويّ مع أسلوب الخلط-تجنّب ($p \le \cdot / \cdot 1$) والمواجهة المذهبيّة السالبة ($p \le \cdot / \cdot 1$) ارتباطاً إيجابيّاً كبيراً، وللمواجهة المذهبيّة السالبة مع الأساليب والأنماط المعلوماتيّة والمعياريّة ارتباطاً سلبيّاً كبيراً؛ ومع أسلوب الخلط-تجنّب ارتباطاً إيجابيّاً كبيراً ($p \le \cdot / \cdot 1$)، كما قد أيّد تحليل المسار دور واسطة المواجهة المذهبيّة السالبة في العلاقة بين أساليب تصنيع المويّة و الخلط-تجنّب مع الإدمان على الهاتف الخليويّ.

النتيجة: تكشف هذه الدراسة أنّ للمواجهة المذهبيّة السالبة دور الواسطة الجزئيّة في العلاقة بين أساليب تصنيع الهويّة والإدمان على الهاتف الخليويّ.

معلومات المادة

الوصول: ۲۰۱۶، ۲۰۱۶

وصول النص النهايي: ٢٠١۶، ٢٠١۶

القبول: ۲۰۱۶ ،۱۳ Sep

النشر الإلكتروني: ٣١ Dec، ٢٠١۶

الألفاظ الرئيسيّة:

أساليب تصنيع الهويّة الإدمان على الهاتف الخليويّ المواجهة المذهبيّة

يتم استناد المقالة على الترتيب التالى:

Askarizadeh Gh, Poormirzaei M, Hajmohammadi R. Identity processing styles and cell phone addiction: The mediating role of religious coping. J Res Relig Health. 2017;3(1):18-29.

السنة ٣، العدد ١، شتاء ٢٠١٧م جلة البحث في الدين و الصحّة

سبکهای پردازش هویت و اعتیاد به تلفن همراه: نقش واسطهی مقابلهي مذهبي

قاسم عسکریزاده 1 ، مریم پورمیرزایی * ، ریحانه حاجمحمدی 7

۱- گروه روانشناسی، دانشکدهی ادبیات و علوم انسانی، دانشگاه شهید باهنر، کرمان، ایران. ۲- گروه روانشناسی، دانشکدهی علوم تربیتی و روانشناسی، دانشگاه زاهدان، زاهدان، ایران. مكاتبات خطاب به خانم مریم پورمیرزایی؛ پست الكترونیک: maryampoormirzaei@ens.uk.ac.ir

دریافت: ۱۱ تیر ۹۵ دریافت متن نهایی: ۱۴ شهریور ۹۵ پذیرش: ۲۳ شهریور ۹۵

نشر الكترونيكي: ١١ دى ٩٥

اطلاعات مقاله

واژگان کلیدی: اعتیاد به تلفن همراه سبکهای پردازش هویت مقابلهی مذهبی

سابقه و اهداف: هدف این پژوهش بررسی نقش واسطهی مقابلهی مذهبی در سبکهای پردازش هویت و اعتیاد به تلفن همراه است.

مواد و روشها: روش پژوهش، توصیفی و از نوع همبستگی است. جامعهی پژوهش، همهی دانشجویان دانشگاه زاهدان را در سال ۱۳۹۴ دربرمی گیرد که ۳۸۴ نفر از آنان با روش نمونه گیری تصادفی ساده و با استفاده از جدول کرجسی مورگان، انتخاب شدند. برای جمع آوری دادهها، از پرسشنامههای سبکهای پردازش هویت، مقابلهی مذهبی و اعتیاد به تلفن همراه؛ و برای تجزیه و تحلیل دادهها، بر اساس شاخصهای آمار توصیفی، ضریب همبستگی پیرسون و الگویابی معادلههای ساختاری (تحلیل مسیر) از نرمافزارهای SPSS (نسخهی۱۹) و LISREL (نسخهی ۸/۵۰) استفاده شد. این پژوهش تمام موارد اخلاقی مرتبط را رعایت نموده است.

یافتهها: نتایج آزمون همبستگی نشان داد که اعتیاد به تلفن همراه با سبک سردرگم مثبت ($p \le \cdot / \cdot 1$) و مقابله ی مذهبی منفی ($p \le \cdot / \cdot 1$) دارای همبستگی مثبت – اجتنابی معنادار است و مقابلهی مذهبی منفی، با سبکهای اطلاعاتی و هنجاری رابطهی معنادار منفی؛ و با سبک سردرگم - اجتنابی، رابطه ی معنادار مثبت دارد $(p \le \cdot / \cdot 1)$. تحلیل مسیر نیز نقش واسطهی مقابلهی مذهبی منفی را در سبک پردازش هویت هنجاری و سبک سردرگم - اجتنابی، با اعتیاد به تلفن همراه، تأیید کرده است.

نتیجه گیری: این مطالعه نشان می دهد که مقابله ی مذهبی منفی، در سبکهای پردازش هویت و اعتیاد به تلفن همراه، نقش واسطهی جزئی دارد.

استناد مقاله به این صورت است:

Askarizadeh Gh, Poormirzaei M, Hajmohammadi R. Identity processing styles and cell phone addiction: The mediating role of religious coping. J Res Relig Health.2017;3(1):18 -29.

مقدمه

تلفن همراه یکی از بزرگترین اختراعهای جهان امروز است و بیشتر مردم در کشورهای پیشرفته همانند مردم کشورهای

دورهی ۳، شمارهی ۱، زمستان ۱۳۹۵

درحال توسعه بهراحتی از آن استفاده می کنند (۱). این وسیله ویژگیهای بسیاری دارد که اشخاص را نسبت به استفاده از آن برمی انگیزد (۲). مشکلهای شخصی و اجتماعی بسیاری نیز همزمان با شيوع استفاده از اين وسيله بهوجود آمده است كه