

A cognitive-behavioural group intervention for Afghan immigrant students living in Iran

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Abstract

Objective: present study aimed to investigate the impact of the cognitive-behavioral group therapy approach on academic motivation of Afghan students living in Iran.

Methods: 60 students were selected and divided into two control and experiment groups (each with 30 subjects). Academic motivation questionnaire was used in both pre-and post-test phases to collect data. The intervention group received eight 90-minute sessions (once per week) of face-to-face training.

Results: cognitive-behavioral group therapy increased academic achievement (57%), exemplariness (21%), adoration (19%), social interest (17%), social power (19%), effort (18%), and academic motivation in general (28%) in intervention group. While no association was found between the intervention and interest in doing homework, competitiveness, and obtaining continuity.

Conclusion: This study demonstrated that cognitive-behavioral group therapy could impact academic motivation among Afghan female students.

Keywords: Cognitive Behavioral Group Therapy, Academic Motivation, Afghan Female High School Students.